### North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services Division of Public Health • Epidemiology Section **Communicable Disease Branch**



Patient's Last Name



Middle

# **FOODBORNE POISONING: CIGUATERA** Confidential Communicable Disease Report—Part 2 **NC DISEASE CODE: 130**

First

### ATTENTION HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS:

Please report relevant clinical findings about this disease event to the local health department.

Alias

Birthdate (mm/dd/yyyy)

REMINDER to Local Health Department staff: If sending this form to the Health Care Provider, remember to attach a cover letter from your agency indicating the part(s) of the form the provider should complete.

Maiden/Other

Suffix

						SSN					
NC EDSS Verify if lab results for this event are in NC EDSS. If not present, enter results.  LAB RESULTS											
Specimen Specimen #	Specimen Source	Type of Test	Test Result(s)	Description (comments)	Result Date	Lab Name—City/State					
1 1					1 1						
1 1					1 1						
1 1					1 1						
NC EDSS PART 2 WIZARD COMMUNICABLE DISEASE											
Is/was patient symptomatic of this disease?  If yes, symptom onset date (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY: Fever	Y	N	th tingling/burnic bness of lips or al flushing	Y	the patient: Handle/eat s mussels, oy other shellf Handle/eat Hand	"blue dolphin") □ Salmon nknown type of fish pecifyn n tient know anyone else with nptoms?□ Y □ N □ U					

Patient's Last Name	First	Middle	Suffix	Maiden/Other	Alias	Birthdate (mm/dd/yyyy)
						SSN
REASON FOR TESTING		REHAVIO	DVI DICK 8 C	ONGREGATE LIVING	CASE INTERVIE	EWS/INVESTIGATIONS
Why was the patient tested for	or this condition?			onset of symptoms		terviewed?
Symptomatic of disease	or tills condition:			congregate living		
Screening of asymptomatic			y, barracks, shelter,	Date of interview (mm/dd/yyyy):// Were interviews conducted with others?		
risk factor(s)	commune, b	oarding school,	camp, dormitory/sorority/			
Exposed to organism causing this disease					Who was interview	ved?
(asymptomatic)  Household contact to a person reported with					Were health care	orovidoro
this disease				consulted?	Y N DU	
Other, specify:		_	During the 24 hours prior to onset of symptoms, did			ed?
☐ Unknown	patient atte	nd social gathe	erings or	Madical records as	eviewed (including telephone review	
HOSPITALIZATION INFORI	MATION			Y N DU	with provider/office	eviewed (including telephone review ce staff)?
Was patient hospitalized for	MATION	If yes, speci	fy:	ent most likely exposed?	Specify reason if	medical records were not reviewed:
this illness >24 hours?	MY MN MI			_		
Hospital name:		Restaura Home	int	☐ Place of Worship☐ Outdoors, including		
City, State:		Work		woods or wilderness	Notes on medical	record verification:
Hospital contact name:		☐ Child Car	re	Athletics		
		School		Farm		
Telephone: ()		Universit	y/College	☐ Pool or spa ☐ Pond, lake, river or		
Admit date (mm/dd/yyyy):		Doctor's	office/	other body of water		
Discharge date (mm/dd/yyyy):	://	Outpatie	nt clinic	☐ Hotel / motel		
ICOLATION/OLIADANTINE/	CONTROL MEACURE	Hospital	In-patient	☐ Social gathering, other		
ISOLATION/QUARANTINE/		Hospital Departm		than listed above  Travel conveyance		
Did local health director or de additional control measures		Laborato		(airplane, ship, etc.)		
			n care facility	International		
If yes, specify:		/Rest Ho	me	Community		
		☐ Military☐ Prison/Ja	il/Detention	Other (specify)		
CLINICAL OUTCOMES		Center	iii/Deterition	Unknown		
Discharge/Final diagnosis:						
Discharge/r mar diagnosis						
Survived?		J				
Died?		J				
Died from this illness?		J				
Date of death (mm/dd/yyyy):	://					
TRAVEL/IMMIGRATION		_	SK AND EXPO		GEOGRAPHICA	AL SITE OF EXPOSURE
The patient is:			the patient/pat	ient's family		ic location was the patient
☐ Resident of North Carolina☐ Resident of another state of		uy groceries?		MOST LIKELY exposed? Specify location:		
None of the above		:				
Did patient have a travel hist	tory during the 24 hour				∐ In NC	
prior to onset of symptoms		enter name/addi	ress:	City		
Travel dates: From:	until				County	
To city:		During the 2	4 hours prior to	o onset of symptoms, did	Outside NC, bu	
To country:			the patient: Eat any food items that came from			
Does patient know anyone el	se with similar	a produce	stand, flea mar	ket, or	State	
symptom(s) who had the sam	ne or similar			Y 🗆 N 🗆 U	County	
travel history?		Openiy 300	rce:		Outside US	
Name:			od items that ca ere they do not	ame from a store or	City	
Additional travel/residency in	itormation:	for groceri	es?		Country	
			rce(s):		Unknown	
		Handle/eat	other seafood	(i.e. octopus, squid)	Is the patient part	of an outbreak of
		or frogs?			this disease?	□Y □N
CHILD CARE/SCHOOL/CC	DLLEGE	Specify other			Notes regarding s	etting of exposure:
Patient in child care?		J ∐ Squid	Octopus	∟ Frog	I	
Patient a child care worker or		Eat at a gro	oup meal?	U	l	
in child care?		Specify:		_ : _ · · <b>_ ·</b>	l	
Patient a parent or primary ca		Place			l	
Is patient a student?					l	
Type of school:		Other.	Specify:			
Is patient a school WORKER	/ VOLUNTEER in NC	Eat food fro	om a restauran	t?□Y □N □U	I	
school setting?		_			I	
Give details:						
					I	

# Foodborne poisoning: ciguatera

## 2007 Case Definition (North Carolina)

## Clinical description

Ciguatera fish poisoning is a food intoxication caused by consumption of predatory reef fish that have accumulated toxins in their flesh from consuming fish that eat toxic algae and dinoflagellates. Symptoms of the reaction include tingling or numbness, dry mouth, pupil dilatation, blurred vision, and paralysis. Classic symptoms include reversal of hot and cold sensation (ice cream tastes hot, coffee tastes cold) and aching teeth. In severe cases patients may become hypotensive, progress to coma or experience respiratory arrest. Symptoms typically develop within 48 hours of consuming a poisoned fish. Fish that have typically been implicated include barracuda, grouper, amberjack and snapper.

## Laboratory criteria for diagnosis

Toxin detection in an epidemiologically implicated fish

### Case classification

*Probable*: a clinically compatible case who had a consistent exposure (consumption of fish such as those listed above)

Confirmed: a clinically compatible case with toxin detected in an epidemiologically implicated fish

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